

OPERATING MANUEL

Model : **EGW**
GUIDED RADAR (TRD) TYPE LEVEL TRANSMITTER

enSim
sensors

Information in this manual is reviewed and completely reliable. Responsibility is not assumed due to any typing error. Products in this manual are available only for information purpose and they may be changed without notice.

Models :

EGW 204, EGW 205

EGW 202, EGW 203

EGW 201, EGW 207

EGW 20S



Important Notes:

Used Symbols :



: Caution



: Note



: Disposal










-  Please read this manual carefully before installation of the **Guided Radar (TRD) Type Level Transmitter**. User is responsible for accidents and losses arising from failure to comply with the warnings in this manual.
-  In the event that **Guided Radar (TRD) Type Level Transmitter** is broken, take measures in order to prevent accidents and losses which can occur in its system.
-  There is not any fuse and circuit breaker on the instrument; they should have been added to the system by the user.
-  This manual should be stored in an easily accessible place for subsequent use.
-  The manufacturer's liability cannot exceed the purchase price of the device according to the law.
-  Do not make any modification on the instrument and do not try to repair it. Reparation should be made by authorized service staff.
-  Do not operate the system before making assembly in compliance with the assembly chart related to the instrument.
-  Products which do not contain label and serial number are considered to be excluded from the warranty scope.
-  The instrument's useful life, determined and announced by the ministry, is 10 years.

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1. General Information :

1.1. Material Acceptance

Check that there is no damage on the packages during the transportation immediately after the material acceptance. If packages are damaged, open the packages immediately and check whether products are affected or not, if there is any damage, send your complaint report to the transporter company and its photocopy to the address of our company.

1.2. Information about Areas of Use

Volatile liquids, foamy liquids, viscous liquids, boiling and foaming liquids, crude oil vessels.

Misusage :

Incorrect or improper use may impair the performance of the device or cause damage to the device or personnel, for example due to improper installation or adjustment, the installation of a non-corrosive device for the corrosive environment, the field condition does not comply with the technical specification limit value of the device. The manufacturer is not responsible for damage caused by incorrect or improper use.

We do not recommend using this device when the device is operated incorrectly or miscalculates the echo caused by special mounting conditions. In the event that the user violates the warning, the manufacturer is not responsible for the relevant damage.

The Device Fulfills the Requirements of the Following Directive.

- . Low Voltage Directive 2006/35/EC
- . EMC Directive 2004/30/EC
- . EN 61010-1
- . EMC specification acc. to EN 61326/1

Advantages :

In compact structure
Easy to commission
Durable mechanical structure
High temperature versions are available

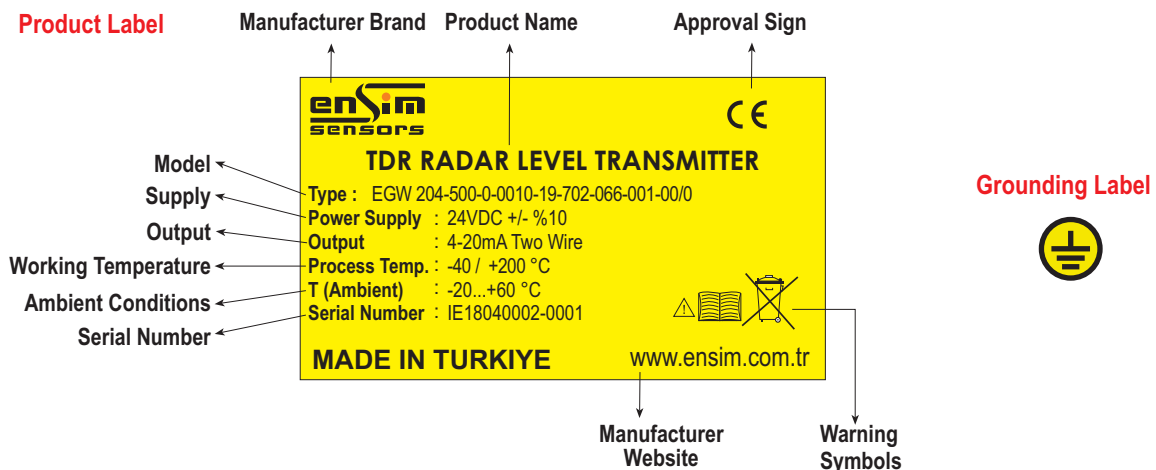
Ambient Conditions; Relative Humidity:5-98 %RH Ambient temperature: 60°C (not used below -40 °C)

1.3. Working Principle

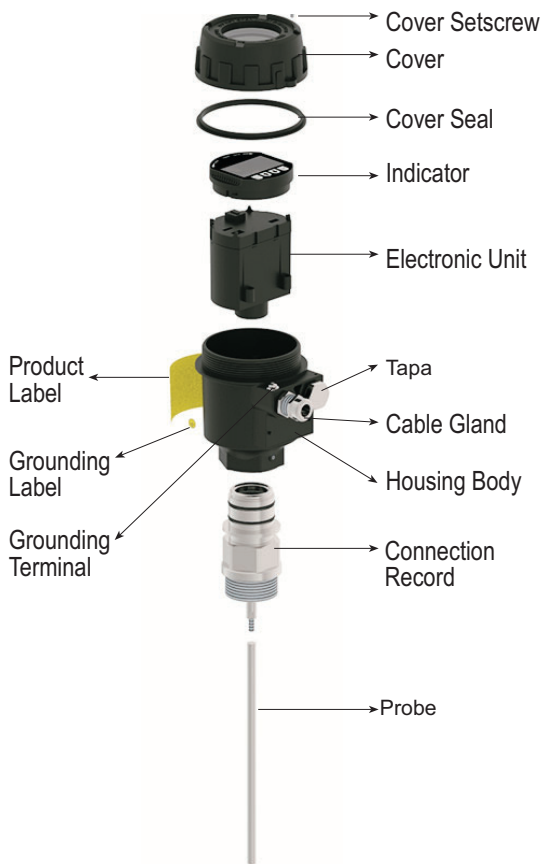
Microwave pulses emitted by the antenna of the radar move at the speed of light and as part of its energy, reflected by the surface of the medium to be measured, received by the same antenna. The time between the emission and the arrival of the pulses (flight time) is proportional to the available distance between the antenna and the surface of the medium to be measured.

The electromagnetic wave travels at a very high speed (nanoseconds) so it is difficult to describe it. Guided Radar (TRD) Type Level transmitter determine the emission and corrected capacity of pulses and consequently the level measurement with a suitable demodulation technology that enables them to detect the between them, thanks to their integrated management systems. The alphanumeric display not only allows the user to input data for level measurement, but also separates false echoes.

1.4. Label Information :



1.5. Technical Specifications and Material Information:



Technical Specifications

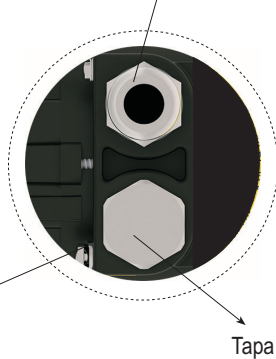
Material to be Measured	Liquid , Solid Particulate Materials, Agressive Liquids
Measurement Field	32 m. Rope Probe 6 m. Rod Probe 4 m. Coaxial Probe
Setting Menu Language	English
Sensitivity	± 3 mm
Repeatability	± 1,5 mm
Resolution	1 mm
Working Pressure	(-)1...(+)40bar , Opt. Max. 100bar
Working Temperature	(-)40...(+)200°C , Opt. Max. 450°C
Ambient Temperature	(-)20...(+)60°C
Frequency	106 MHz - 1,8 GHz
Dielectric Constant (E)	Min. 1,4 (Different intervals can be selected.)
Response Time	<2 sec.
Sampling Frequency	16 Hz
Power Consumption	<0,5 W
Supply Voltage	15...36 VDC Two-wire version (Resolution 1,6 micron A)
Output Signal	4-20mA Two-wire + HART
Fault Signal	20,5 mA , 22mA , 3,9 mA (Adjustable)
Max. Load Resistance	500 W
Damping Time	0...90 sec.
Housing Material	Aluminium Injection AlSi2Fe Black (RAL9005) / Plastic (PP)
Connection and Probe Material	Stainless Steel (Std.), Ops. 316 Stainless Steel
Insulation Material	PTFE (Std.), Ops. PEEK, Ceramic
Indicator and Adjustment	LCD Display
Cable Input	M20 x 1,5 mm
Electrical Connection	With Terminal
Protection Class	IP66 (EN60529)
Weight	EGW 205, (For L=1000mm) ... kg

1.6. Housing :

DO NOT OPEN THE COVER WHEN
ENERGY IS AVAILABLE
KEEP IT CLOSED WHILE OPERATING

Aluminium Housing

Cable Fitting
(Suitable cable diameter: Ø 6-12mm)



Grounding Terminal
(Max 1,5 mm²)
Recommended cable (5x1,5 mm²)



Damp-proof

In damp and humid areas, cable fittings should be tightly tightened, replace at regular intervals, and in order to prevent water leakage into the sensor body in case of deformations that may occur over time, the cable should be left in a downward sloping position at the gland inlet.

ORDER CODE	TYPE	MATERIAL	PROTECTION CLASS	TEMPERATURE (°C)	SIZE a x b (mm)
702	B21x	Aluminium	IP 66	(-) 40...(+) 200	140 x 104
103	B20p	Plastic (PP)	IP 66	(-) 40...(+) 150	132 x 104

1.7. Target Group

This user manual has been prepared for qualified technical personnel.

1.8. Safety Notes



The following notes should be taken into account to avoid hazards to the operator and its surroundings.

The installation, use and maintenance of this device should only be carried out by people who have read the user manual and have knowledge of work safety!

Work safety, accident prevention regulations and national installation standards must be complied with.

The product should only be used within the stated specifications!

You can only mount the device when there is no pressure!

1.9. Package contents :

Please check whether you have taken delivery of below listed content completely or not and check its conformity with criterions in your order:

* Guided Radar Type Level Transmitter

* This operating manual

2. Installation:

2.1. General Notes

The installation of the device should only be carried out by qualified personnel.

Do not apply force to the device during installation!

Do not use the **Guided Radar (TRD) Type Level Transmitter** at higher pressure than the recommended one.

Do not forget that the contact setting of the device is sensitive, handle it carefully and prevent it from getting damaged.

It must be guaranteed that there are no magnetic particles.

2.2. General Installation Stages

*Remove **Guided Radar (TRD) Type Level Transmitter** from the box carefully

*Check whether gasket is appropriate for fluid or not. If is not appropriate, contact with the producer.

*Then, apply below mentioned explanations according to structure of the design.

2.3. Special Notes

*Please make sure that there is no mechanical stress on the shaft after installation. Such a situation will lead to a shift in the characteristic curve.

***Guided Radar (TRD) Type Level Transmitter** should be placed in a vertical position on the line.

*If the device is installed outdoors and there is a danger of lightning or overpressure, we recommend to install an effectively sized overpressure protection between the supply cabinet and the device.

*Under operating conditions, the Level Transmitter may be hot depending on the condition of the fluid, in this case, do not touch the transmitter, your skin may be damaged.

2.4. Installation For Mechanical Connections

*Use appropriate O-ring or seal for sealing.

*Make sure that its surface is clean and smooth.

*Install the device manually.

*Tighten the key as shown in the figure.

(Max. 20 Nm. For stainless models)

2.5. Apparatus :

Protection Cover :

Material : 304 St. steel

Welded manufacturing

Open – Close Hinged

To protect the switch against external conditions.



Cooler :

Material : 304 Stainless Steel

Welded manufacturing

Applicable to all models except for EGW 20S.

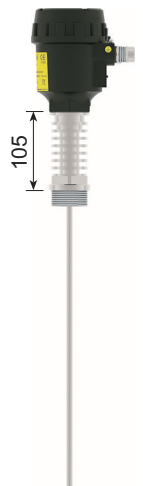
Process temperature max. for 250°C



By-Pass Tube

304 Stainless Steel

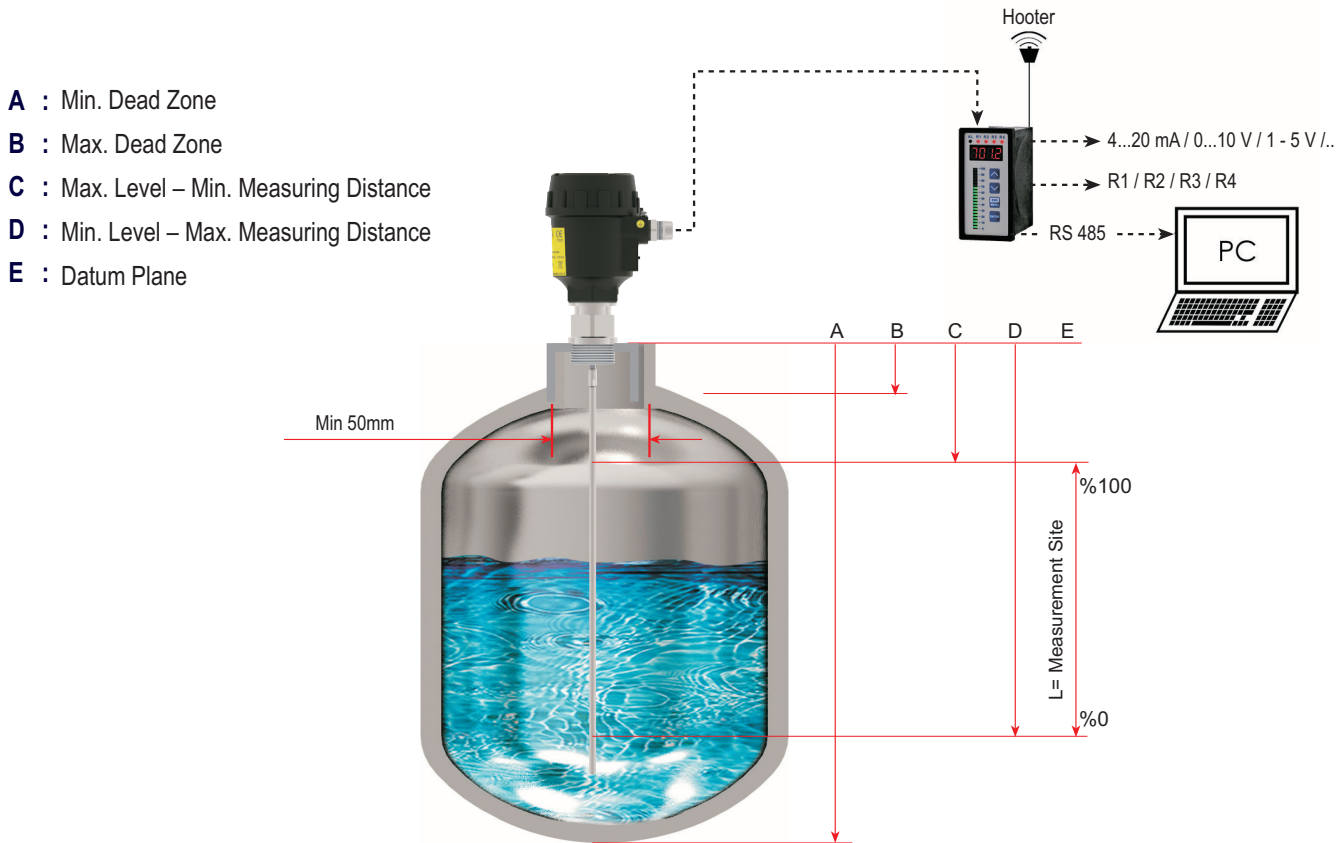
Welded manufacturing



2.6. Mounting Requirements

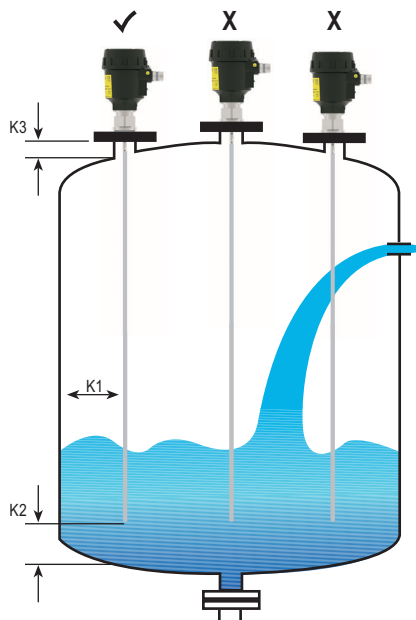
During the installation, while the tank is empty, false echo detection should be made and the surfaces that create faulty echo should be recorded by the sensor. In this way, the sensor does not detect these points as a level and the measurement continues properly. Care should be taken that the product entering the tank does not pass over the signal line of the sensor when filling through the silo or tank.

There is a blind area that cannot be measured by the sensors and known as the dead zone just below the antenna, which does not exceed 5 cm according to the sensor. It is important that the product does not pass over the sensor's dead zone during filling, in which case the sensor will fail or the measurement values may remain constant.



The measurement's maximum level, is the thread seal position or flanges bottom surface.

•When the liquid or solid level is full, enter the dead zone correctly otherwise the instrument will not be able to measure the level effectively.



Mounting site selection

For K1 (mm);

Flat metal wall > 50 mm
 Plastic wall > 300 mm
 Flat wall > 500 mm

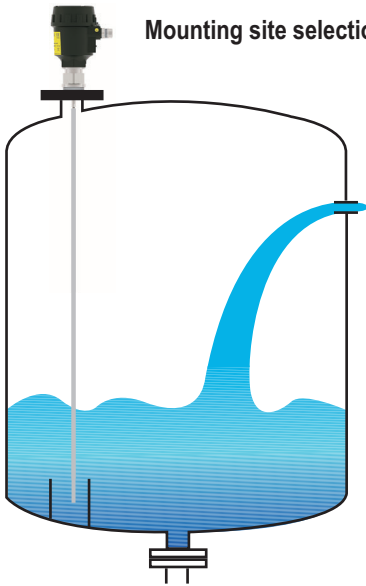
For K2 (mm);

Rope Probe > 150 mm
 Rod Probe > 10 mm
 Coaxial Probe > 10 mm

For K3 (mm);

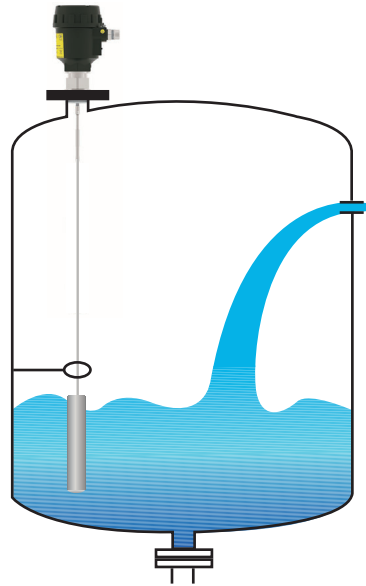
Connection Sleeve : min 100mm
 Support may be required if the probe length is more than 3 meters.

Mounting site selection



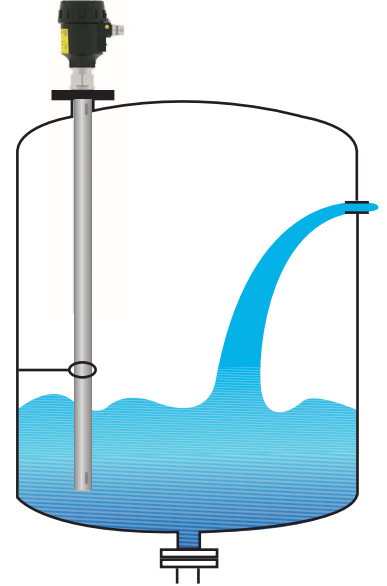
Safe Rod Probe

Support is required when the probe length is more than 3m. However, in strong fluctuating conditions, the probe tip should be fixed to the bottom of the vessel with a special device.



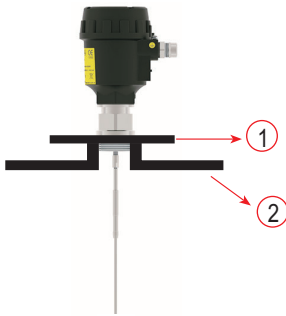
Safe Rope Probe

You can fix the probe with the outer tube to prevent the rope probe from shaking.



Safe Coaxial Probe

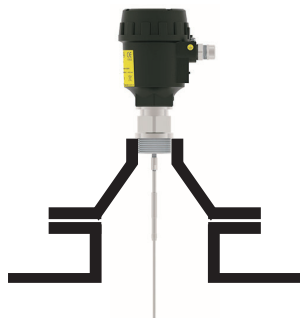
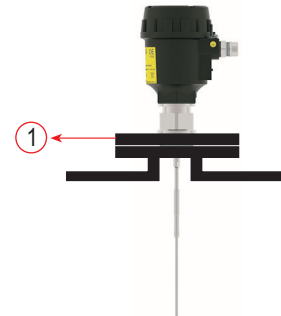
You can fix the probe with the outer tube to prevent the coaxial probe from shaking.



Non-metal chamber mounting

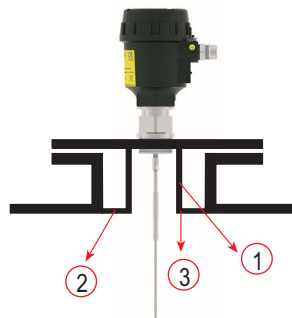
- 1 Metal plate or metal flange
- 2 Non-metal vessel wall (plastic, glass or wood).

To ensure the reliability of the measurement, the guide radar level transmitter requires a metal surface at the process connection. When mounted in a non-metallic vessel such as a plastic vessel or a glass vessel, use a flange and position a metal plate under the process fitting. Make sure that the plate is in direct contact with the process fitting.



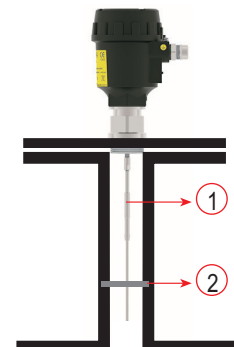
Funnel Type Flange

When the head height is more than 200 mm, the vessel wall will affect the measurement. Use metal funnel flange to reduce impact.



Large Diameter Head

- 1- Auxiliary signal plate with a diameter of 100 to 150.
- 2- Auxiliary signal plate
- 3-Mounting head face and auxiliary plate face must be aligned.



Extension Rod and Boundary Ring

For long mount hood, extend the probe or rope antenna so that it protrudes into the vessel and fix it to prevent shaking.

Guide radar level transmitter tube recommendation:

For boat setup and turbulent conditions, the sensor should be mounted with a guide tube.

The material must be metal.

Constant diameter

Mark the polarization on the sensor.

Guide tube diameter should be larger than antenna diameter.

The diameter difference between the coaxial tube and the inside diameter of guide radar level transmitter tube is as small as possible.

Weld seam as smooth as possible and in line with the slit.

The slot width or hole diameter is less than or equal to 5 mm, it is smooth.

Length and number have no effect on the measurement.

The antenna diameter of the sensor should be suitable for the inner diameter of the pipe.

The inner wall of the guide wave tube should be straight and without a weld seam.

Since the sensor only measures the inner level of the tube, the waveguide tube should descend to the desired level.



Threaded Connection Mounting

The sleeve length should not be less than 100 mm.

The inner diameter of the sleeve must be at least 1 1/2" BSP

For boat setup and turbulent conditions, you can mount the sensor with the waveguide tube. For best measurement, the diameter of the antenna should be close to the diameter of the waveguide tube.

What should a waveguide be like ?

-The material must be metal.

-The diameter must be constant.

-Polarization must be marked on the sensor.

-Waveguide tube diameter should be larger than antenna diameter.

-The diameter difference between the outer diameter of the radar antenna and the inner diameter of the waveguide tube should be as small as possible.

-The source point should be as smooth as possible and on the same axis.

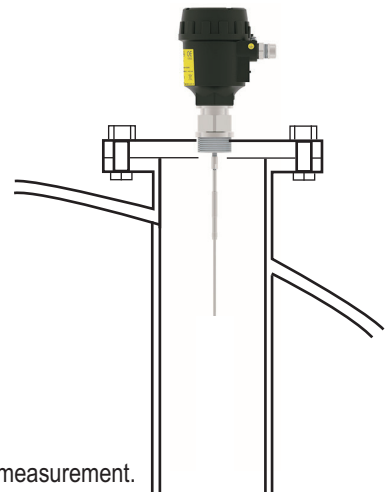
-Duct width or hole diameter less than or equal to 5 mm, without burrs. Length and number have no effect on the measurement.

-The antenna diameter of the sensor should be suitable for the inner diameter of the pipe.

-The inner wall of the guide wave tube should be smooth and there should be no welding seams.

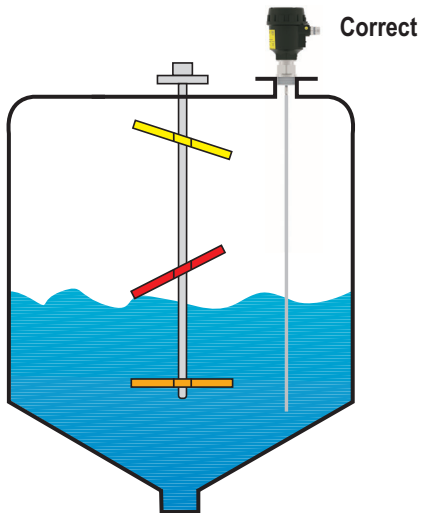
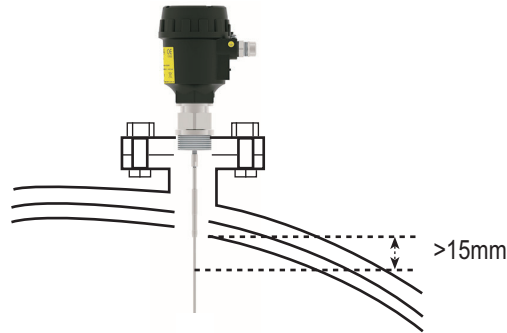
-The guide tube length should not be more than the sensor antenna length.

Dalga kılavuzu tüpüne montaj



Ø50mm rod antenna

For best measurement, the tip of the antenna should protrude at least 15 mm outside of the vessel.



Mixer Application;

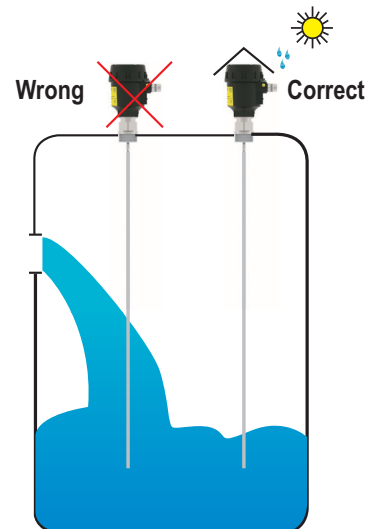
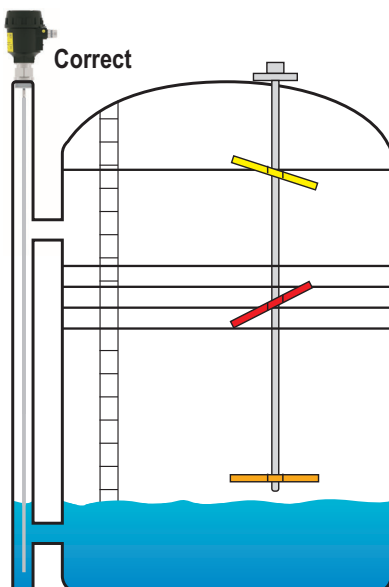
If there is a mixer in the vessel where the sensor will measure the level, the sensor should be mounted at a point away from the filling line and as far as possible from the mixer that blocks the signals.

False signals reflected from the propellers of the mixer in the vessel may reach the sensor and cause the sensor to make an incorrect evaluation. In such cases, when the vessel is empty, erroneous signals must be detected and false signal suppression must be applied. Thus, the sensor is prevented from making incorrect measurements in case of faulty signals.

Installation Site Selection

Correct: Mount the sensor as far from the filling point as possible. In terms of its lifetime, use protectors to keep it away from snow, rain, sun and similar factors when necessary.

Wrong: Do not place the sensor on the fill line. The signal line must see the surface to be measured.



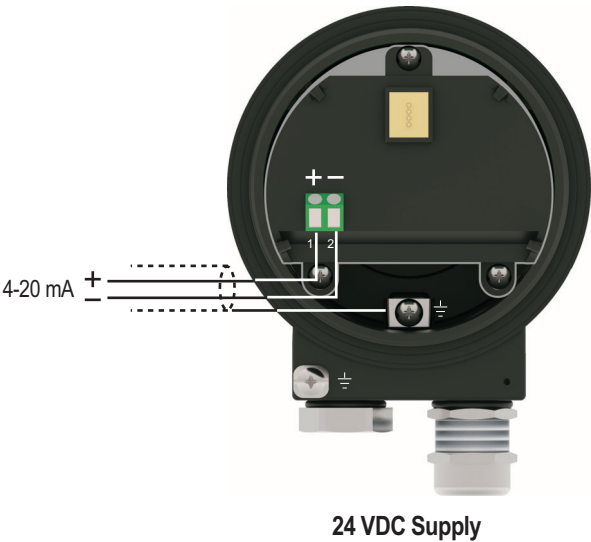
By-Pass Application

If there are difficult physical factors such as mixer, ladder, vessel reinforcement metals in the vessel where the sensor will measure, By-Pass Application is required. In this way, accurate and reliable measurement is provided .

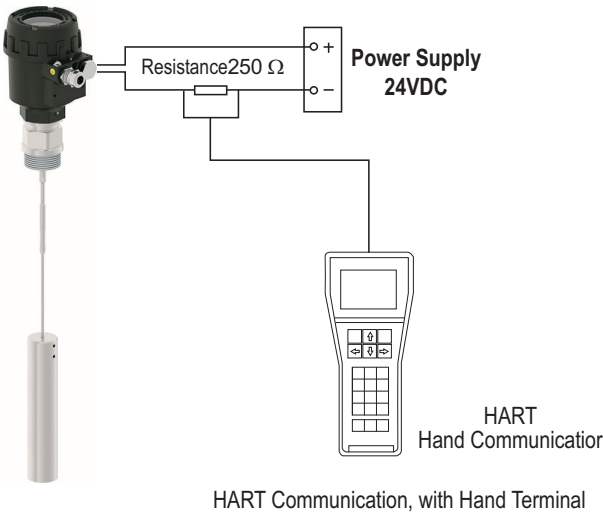
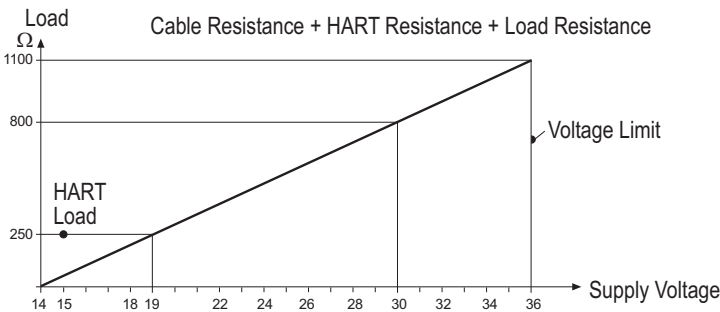
2.7. Electrical Connection

Two-wire 4...20mA HART protocol

DC energy between 14...36V is required as the power supply. The outer diameter of the cable bringing the energy should be between 5...9mm, with at least two wires and, if necessary, shielded type to protect it from electromagnetic fields. 4...20mA analog output signal is also received through the same cable.



Load resistance diagram (Two-wire version)



2.8. Display and Adjustment Module

ESC

- Back to the next upper menu
- Back to the main menu
- Switch to the graphic display

OK

- Enter the main menu
- Enter the selected menu
- Save the values
- Edit parameter



- Switch between menus
- Change values, switch between values
- Move the enlarge wave edge logo to the left.
- Change Numbers / Values



- Switch between menus
- Switch between values
- Move the enlarge wave edge logo to the right
- Switch between steps

For mounting the display and adjustment module;

- 1 Remove the housing cover.
- 2 Position the display and adjustment module in the target position.
- 3 Screw on the housing cover.



2.9. Setting Options

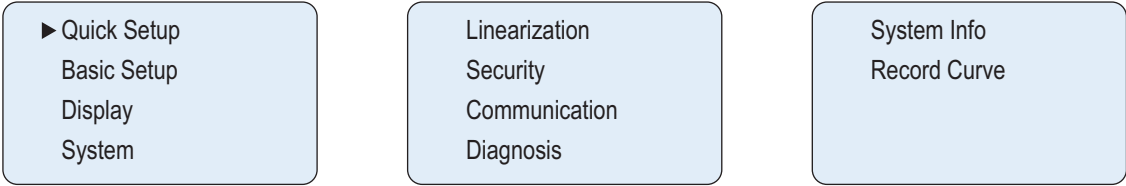
Radar Level Transmitter Display can be adjusted with the following adjustment media:

- a) With local display and adjustment module
- b) Tank side monitor
- c) Setting software on upper monitor
- d) HART communication
- e) ROSEMOUNT 375 / 475 (only for hart common position)

2.10. Operation Menu Structure and Function

The device is adapted to the application conditions through parameter adjustment. Parameterization is carried out via a settings menu.

The main menu is divided into ten seconds with the following functions:



- A - QUICK SETUP:

The radar sensor can measure the level accurately for most field conditions with quick setup.
- B - BASIC SETUP :

You can set the maximum level, minimum level and level confirmation.
- C - DISPLAY :

Settings, eg. Damping time, Dielectric constant, Max. Dead zone, Min. Dead zone, Speed change, Magnification times
- D -SYSTEM :

Settings, eg. Display value, Unit, LCD contrast, Language
- E - LINEARIZATION :

Settings, eg. Echo decision, Current caliber, Distance caliber, Distance coefficient, Mapping setting
- F - SECURITY :

Settings, eg. Distance linearity selection, Distance linearity regulation, Ratio linearity selection, Ratio linearity regulation
- G - COMMUNICATION :

Settings, eg. Echo loss adjustment, Skip processing, Current output, Parameter protection
- H - DIAGNOSIS :

Settings, eg. Address type
- I - INFORMATION :


Information, eg. Distance record, Number of restarts
- J - RECORD CURVE :

Information, eg. Production date, Serial number, Part number, Version number
- K - ECHO TREND :

Information, eg. Echo curve , Measurement curve


A - QUICK SETUP

Min. and Max. Level Adjustment

1 - Select the menu item “Quick Setup” and confirm with “OK”.
“Min. 0.00%” Press the “OK” button to change the distance value,
use the arrow keys  to change the values.
Confirm the determine value with “OK”.
Enter the appropriate distance value in m for the full tank
Max. Level is the distance from the farthest point of the antenna
part to the tank max. level. It cannot be more than the min. level distance.


Min. 0.00%



20.000 m



Min. 0.00%


25.000m



2 - With  switch to “Max. Level Adjustment” menu.
Press “OK” button to change Max. % 100,00 Distance value,
Use the arrow keys  to change the values.
Confirm the determined value with “OK”.
Enter the appropriate distance value in m for the full tank.
Max. Level is the distance from the farthest point of the antenna part to the tank max. level. It cannot be more than the min. level distance.


Max. 100%


0.0000 m



Maz. 100.00%

0.5000m



3- With  select “Cable Length” menu. Confirm with “OK”.
Value can be adjusted between 0.1000 ~ 32.000 m. Save the adjusted value with “OK”.

Cable Lenght :

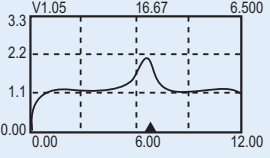
20.000m

A - QUICK SETUP :

Level Confirm

1- Select “Quick Setup” menu item and confirm with “OK”.
Select “Level Confirm” and confirm with “OK”.
Echo trend will be displayed as follows:

Level Confirm



2- Press "OK" key, the menu is as follows:

Zoom X: Extend the X plane for better observation

Zoom Y: Extend the Y plane for better observation.

No zoom: Restore planes.

Setting range: You can select the "Start , End, Confirm" points to adjust the displayed range.

► X zoom in
Y zoom in
No zoom in
Display range

► Min. dead zone
Max. dead zone

B - TEMEL KURULUM (Basic Setup) :

1- "Temel Kurulum" menü öğesini seçin ve "OK" ile onaylayın


Quick setup
► Basic Setup
Display
System

2- "Extinction Time" menu is displayed. Press the "OK" key to jump from cursor to value. You can set the suitable value between 0 ~ 99S.

Save the value with "OK". It is used to determine the range of variation of measurement values. Time can be kept high in fluctuating tanks.

Damping Time :


0.5S

3- With  change to the menu "Dielectric Constant" with "OK". Confirm with "OK". Select the appropriate range of values for the "Dielectric Constant" in accordance with the measured liquid or solid. Save with "OK".

There are six options : >7, 4 ~ 7, 2.5 ~ 4, 1.9 ~ 2.5, 1.6 ~ 1.9, 1.4 ~ 1.6.


Dielectric Constant:

2.5-4

4- With  change to the "Max. Dead Zone" menu confirm with "OK"
Enter the appropriate value according to the application. Confirm with "OK".


Max Dead Zone:

0.0000m

5- With  change to the "Min. Dead Zone" menu with "OK".
Set the appropriate value.


Min. Dead Zone:

25.000m

6- With  change to the "Change Speed" menu with "OK". Set the appropriate value according to the application. Confirm with "OK". Enter the appropriate value according to the level filling speed. Save with "OK".

Change Speed :








0.4000m/s

7- With  switch to the "Magnification Times" menu confirm with "OK". Select and save the value between 0 and 80. 15 is the standard value.

Magnification Times:

15

C - DISPLAY :

- 1- Select the "Display" menu and confirm with "OK"
- 2- You can select the values to be seen on the screen from the "Display Content". Login with "OK". Select one of the options of Level, Current, Distance, Percent and Mapping and confirm with "OK".
- 3- Select the "Display Unit" menu with  key and enter with "OK". Unit selection is made for "Level" and "Distance" in this field. Make a selection with the   arrow keys and confirm with "OK".
- 4- Select the menu "LCD Contrast" with the key  and enter with "OK". Make the setting with the   keys . Confirm with "OK".
- 5- Select the menu "Language" with the key  and confirm with "OK". Available in "English" only.

Quick setup
Basic Setup
► Display
System

Display Value :

Level

Display Unit :

Meter

LCD Contrast:


Do you adjust?

Language:

English

D -SİSTEM (System):

Yankı Seçimi (Echo Judge)

- 1- Select the menu "System" with the key  and confirm with "OK". Enter the submenu and select the "Wave Logic" menu and confirm with "OK".

Quick setup
Basic Setup
Display
► System


► Echo Judge
Current Calibr
Distance Calibr
Distance Coeff

► Mapping Adjust

2. Select the "Largest (Std.)" option to read the largest value. This should be chosen in order not to see false echoes occurring in the environment. Select "First" to see the first read echo value. Confirm with "OK".


Logic Select
Largest
Foremost
Sucession
Resolution

***Other options are for the manufacturer only.**

- 4- With  enter the "Superiority", confirm with "OK". Adjust the value between -3 ~ 3to increase or decrease the distance between two echoes. Save the value with "OK".


Superiority

0.0300V

- 5- With  enter the "Confirm Time", confirm with "OK". Set the value between 0 ~ 90,000. Save the value with "OK". It affects the resolution time of the sensor's measured data.

Confirm Time

10,000s

- 6- With  enter the "Min. Resolution", confirm with "OK". Adjust the value between 0 ~ 2. Save the value with "OK".

Min. Resolution

0.2000V

D -SYSTEM :**Current Calibration**

1- Select "Current Calibration" and press "OK". The submenu is as follows:

► Setup out: 0.0000mA
4mA → 4.0000mA
18mA → 18.0000mA
Calibration Confirm

2- Select the appropriate current and adjust the value according to the field condition. Save the selection with "OK".

► Setup out: 0.0000mA
4mA → 4.0000mA
18mA → 18.0000mA
Calibration Confirm


► Setup out: 0.0000mA
4mA → 4.0000mA
18mA → 18.0000mA
Calibration Confirm

3- With  enter the "Calibration Confirm", confirm with "OK". The setting above will be saved.

Distance Calibration**Distance Calibration**

1- Select "Distance Calibration" and press "OK" button, the submenu is as follows:

2- Select the appropriate distance and adjust the value according to the field condition. Save the selection with "OK".

3- With  use to enter "Calibrated Distance", confirm with "OK".
The edit will be saved.

Reality Measure
► 1:0.0000m → 0.0000m
2:0.0000m → 0.0000m
Calibr Distance

► Reality Measure
1:0.0000m → 0.0000m
2:0.0000m → 0.0000m
Calibr Distance

D -SİSTEM (System):**Distance Coefficient**

1- Select "Distance Coefficient" and press "OK", the submenu is as follows:

2- Select the appropriate distance and adjust the value according to the field condition. Save the selection with "OK".

► Zero : 0.0000m
Ratio : 1.0000

► Zero : 0.0000m
Ratio : 1.0000

D -SİSTEM (System):**Mapping Coefficient**

1- Select "Mapping Setting" and press "OK", the submenu is as follows:

► Max. Mapp : 0.0000m
Min. Mapp : 0.0000m

► Max. Mapp : 0.0000m
Min. Mapp : 0.0000m

2- Select the appropriate value and adjust it according to the field condition. Save the selection with "OK".

E - LINEARIZATION :

1- Enter "Linearization" with "OK". You can choose yes or nor depending on the field condition.


► Linearization
Security
Communication
Diagnosis

Dist linearity select ?
Yes

2- It should be choosen as "Yes" to activate "Distance Linearity Calibration".

Dist linearity select ?
Yes

Dist linearity select ?
No

3- With  enter "Distance Linearity Edit", confirm with "OK".
New parameter can be added with "Add".
New parameter can be added with "Add".


Dist linearity edit ?
Add

Dist linearity select ?
Add

4- Set the value and then save with "OK".


Reality Measure
01 : 1.0000m → 0.0000mA

Reality Measure
01 : **1**.0000m → 0.0000mA

5- With  enter "1cPercent Linearization"1d, confirm with "OK". New adjustment can be added with "Add".

Ratio linearity edit?
Add

Reality Measure
01 : **1**.0000% → 0.0000%

6- With  enter "Select-Change Distance Linearity (Modify)", confirm with "OK". Change the value and save with "OK". You can also delete the linear selection.

Dist linearity select ?
Modify

► 00 :
0.0000% → 0.0000%

Dist linearity select ?
Delete

F - SECURITY :

Running Echo Loss

1-Enter "Security" menu, the submenu is as follows:

► Echo lost operate
Jump operate
Current output
Parameter protect

2- Enter "Echo Lost Settings" with "OK".
You can choose "Delay, Alarm" for "Echo Lost Setting". Other options are for the manufacturer.

Echo lost operate :
Hold

Echo lost operate :
Hold

Hold
Alarm
Trend
Appoint

3- When using the "Appoint" option, enter the appropriate distance value. The signal is output at the distance determined by this setting.

F - SECURITY :

Jump Setting

1- Enter "Jump Setting" menu with "OK".

Echo Lost Setting
► Jump operate
Current output
Parameter protect

2- You can choose "Delay, Direct, Trend, With Speed" for "Jumping Mode".

Jump Way :
Wait

Jump Way :
Wait

Wait
Direct
Trend
Appoint

3- After selecting the desired mode, enter the appropriate values according to the field conditions. Save the selection with "OK".

Jump Distance :
0.0600m

Waiting Time :
60.000s

Jump Speed :
0.5000m/s

F - SECURITY :

Current Output

1- Enter "Current Output" with "OK".


Echo Lost Setting
Jump operate
► Current output
Parameter protect

2- You can choose "4-20mA or 20-4mA" for "Current Direction".

Current Direction
4-20mA

Current Direction
4-20mA


4-20mA
20-4mA

3- With  enter "Alarm Output", confirm with "OK". There are four options. "Unchange, 22mA, 20.5mA, 3.5mA. You can choose one depending on the field condition.

Alarm Output:
Hold

Alarm Output:
Hold


Hold
22mA
20.5mA
3.5mA

4- With  enter "Restart Current". Confirm with "OK". There are four options: "Hold, 22mA, 20.5mA, 3.5mA". You can select the suitable one according to the field conditions.

Boot Current
Hold
22mA
20.5mA
3.5mA

F-SECURITY:

Parameter Protection

1- With  enter "Parameter Protection", confirm with "OK". You can set up a user password. Confirm with "OK".

Echo Lost Setting
Jump operate
Current output
► Parameter protect

Set user password
00000

2- With  you can enter "Write Parameter" and "Resume Factory Parameter".

Write para to meter
00000

Resume factory para:
Resume?

3- With  you can enter "Write to Instrument" or "Restore Factory Parameter".

Save factory para:
00000

Resume default para:
Resume?


G-COMMUNICATION:

1-Enter "Communication" with "OK". Enter the admin password. Change the "Address" value between 00 ~ 99.

Linearization
Security
Communication
Diagnosis

Address : 99
► Type : Standard

Address : 99
► Type : Standard

2- With  enter "Method". You can select the communication type as "Standard" or "Polling".

Address : 99
► Type : Standard

Address : 99
► Type : Polling

H - DIAGNOSIS :

1- Enter "Diagnosis" with "OK", You can set the max. and min. values.

Linearization
Security
Communication
► Diagnosis

Distance record
Maximum : 0.140 m
Minimum : 0.139 m

Reboot Count
00
00

I - INFORMATION :

1 - Enter "System Info" with "OK", information about the device will be displayed.
You can check "Date of manufacture, Serial number, Part number, Software version"

► System info
Record Curve
Event Manage

Date of manufacture :
00000000

Seraial number :
0000000000

Part number :
0000000000000000

Version number :
307.204

J - RECORD CURVE :

Echo Curve Record

1 - Enter "Record Curve" with "OK", select "Echo Curve", enter "Jump Echo, curve will be displayed.

Information
► Record Curve
Event Manage

► Echo Curve

► Jump echo
Del record
Whole echo
Del record

2 - With  select "Delete Record". You can delete jump echo.

3 - Enter "Whole Echo" with "OK". You can control or delete whole echo.

Jump echo
Del record
Whole echo
► Del record

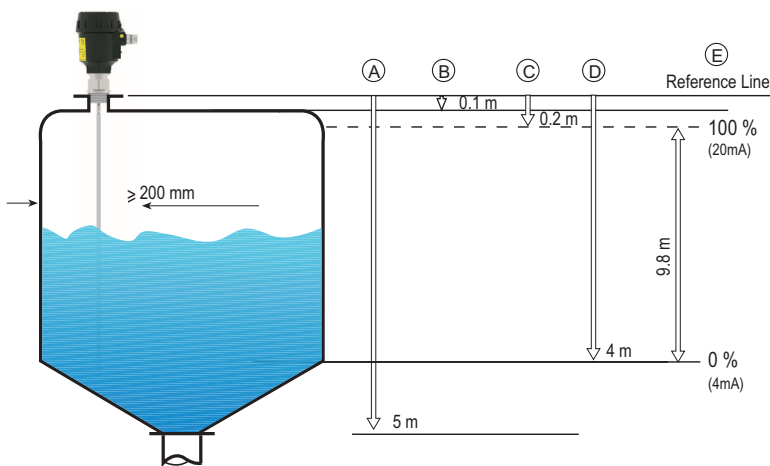
Jump echo
Del record
Whole echo
► Del record OK

2.11. Troubleshooting

Error Code	Probable Cause
E040	Hardware error
E013	No echo curve
E022	Storage error
E031	Ultra high
E032	Ultra low
E0027	Active code wrong more than one time
E001	Ultra range

2.12. Programming Example

Before checking all the features of the sensor available in menus and submenus, 5 m. Let's make a simple but complete adjustment of the level measurement made on a tank at height.



This example shows the features of the setup that should be considered in programming the sensor.

- B Mounting neck height (0,1 m)
- A Total empty height (5m)
- C Max. adjustment (0,2 m) (Generally dead zone)
- D Min. adjustment (4 m)

As mentioned, the height of the tank (total) is 5 m, but it is not possible to measure the usable height completely due to the dead zone 3 as shown in the picture. However, if desired, in terms of easy calculation, the full height of the tank is max. It can enter the sensor as occupancy. In this case, 100% value will never be taken, if the dead zone is exceeded, the sensor will fail.

Before programming, the user must have certain parameter values for the application as in the example below.

-Maximum Vessel Height A (m)

This value is the distance between the reference line and the lowest point of the vessel, in this example it is 5.00 m.

-Mounting Thread Height B (m)

This value is the distance between the reference line and the inner ceiling of the vessel, in this example it is 0.1 m.

-Maximum Level C (20 mA)

This value with reference line max. is the distance at the height of the liquid. In this example it is 0.2 m. In other words, it is the 100% point where 20mA will be taken. This point should not be within the dead zone of the sensor. If the sensor's dead zone is 0.3 m, do not set this value to 0.2 m.

-Minimum Level D (4mA)

This value is min. is the distance at the height of the liquid. In this example it is 0.4 m. In other words, it is the 0% point where 4 mA will be taken. Inside the vessel min. and max., the points are determined by the user and the shape of the operation. The lowest point of the vessel can be selected as 0% or a safety filling can be left under the vessel. Thus, the last 1 m to full discharge. It can also be set to 0%. This point is the empty point of the vessel where 4 mA will be taken.

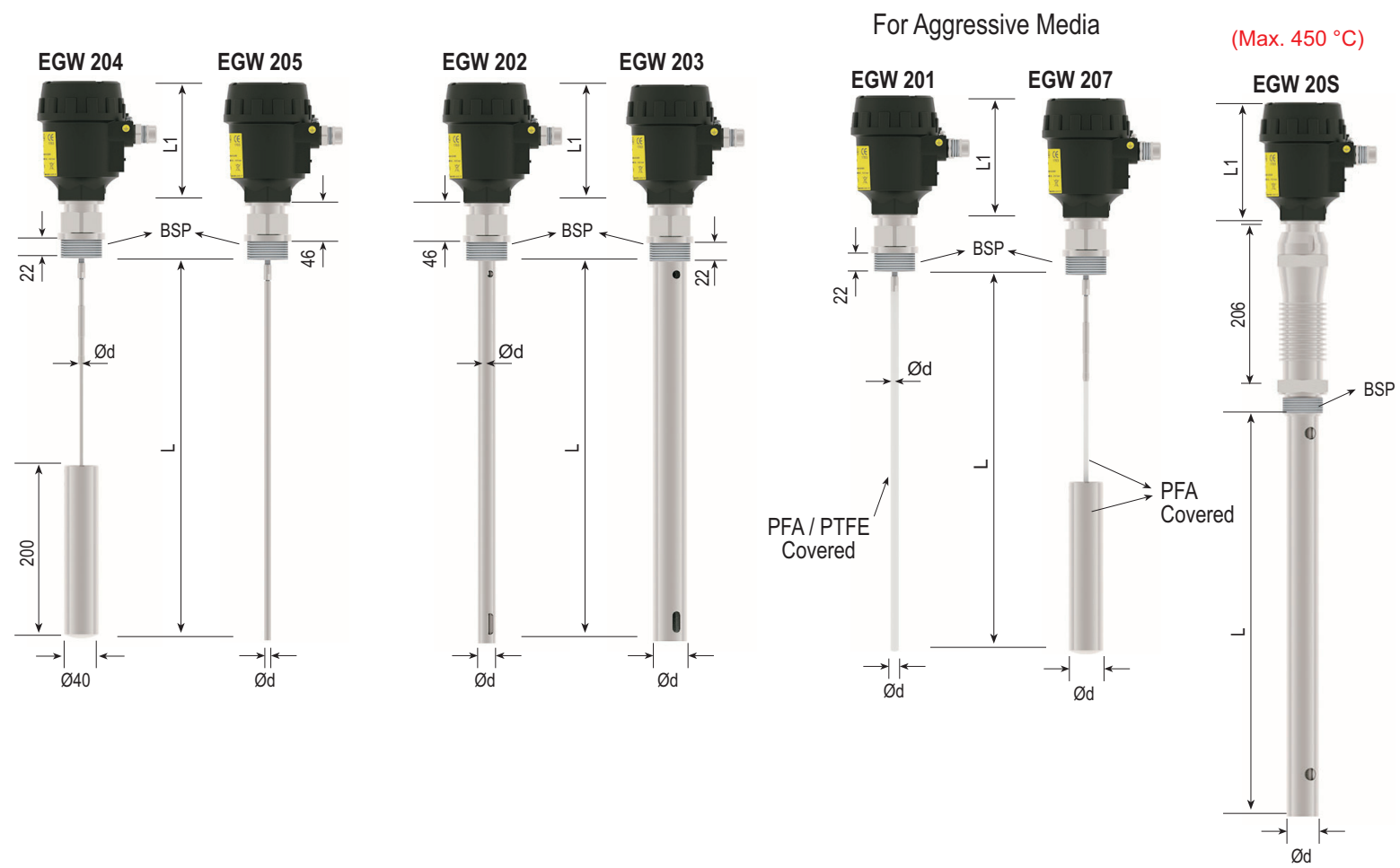
With a simple calculation, the max. measuring range can be calculated.

- Empty vessel height = actual height = 5 m
- Empty value = 0% = 4 mA = 4 m from the liquid surface to the reference line
- Filled value= 100% = 20mA = 0.2 m from the liquid surface to the reference line

Example. When the sensor sees a gap of 4 m below the reference line, it will output 4.00 mA (0%), at a liquid height of 3.8 m, and 20.00 mA (100%) when the reference line is 0.2 m.

The basic principle is to always measure the empty distance between the sensor and the product surface. All radar ultrasonic and microwave sensors based on the signal transmission and retrieval time only measure the gap from the sensor to the surface. Level, volume, weight, height and other similar measurement units are obtained by calculating distance measurements and the values recorded during the programming of the sensor.

2.13. Mechanic Dimensions:



MODEL	CONNECTION BSP (mm)	Ød (mm)	L (mm)	L1 (mm)
EGW 204	1 1/2" BSP	Ø4 , Ø8	Max. 32 m.	155
EGW 205	1 1/2" BSP	Ø8	Max. 6 m.	155
EGW 202	1 1/2" BSP	Ø21	Max. 2 m.	155
EGW 203	1 1/2" BSP	Ø38	Max. 4 m.	155
EGW 20S	2" BSP	Ø38	Max. 4 m.	155
EGW 201	1 1/2" BSP	Ø10	Max. 6 m.	155
EGW 207	1 1/2" BSP	Ø6 , Ø10	Max. 32 m.	155

2.14. Order Type

Order Form : Please consider sample models when coding.

1 MODEL EGW

Std. Type.....2

2 CERTIFICATE

None.....0 (EN10204-3-1) Material Certification.....1

3 PROBE TYPE (MAXIMUM LENGTH)

Single Probe - Coaxial (Max. 4 m.) Ø 38.....2	Single Probe - High Temperature (Max. 4 m.).....6
Single Probe - Thin Coaxial (Max. 1 m.), Ø 21.....3	Rope - Insulated (0...32 m).....7
Rope - Non-insulated (Max. 32 m.).....4	Ceramic Insulated Probe (Max. 4 m.).....S
Single Probe - Non-isolated (Max. 6 m.).....5	Special.....x

4 IMMERSION LENGTH (L)

.....mm

5 PROCESS TEMPERATURE

(with PTFE Insulation) 200 °C.....0 (With Peek Insulation) 230 °C1
(With Ceramic Insulation) 450 °C2

6 CONNECTION

Thread (ISO 228-1)	Clamp (ISO 2852)	ISO Flange (1092-1)	ISO Flange (1092-1)	ASA Flange (B16.5)
1 1/2"BSP (Std.)...0010	DN 50 - PN 16...0504	DN 50 - PN 16...0505	DN 50 - PN 40...0705	DN 50 - 150lb...1005
2" BSP(Std.).....0012	DN 65 - PN 16...0505	DN 80 - PN 16...0507	DN 80 - PN 40...0707	DN 65 - 150lb...1006
	DAIRY	DN 100 - PN 16...0508	DN 100 - PN 40...0708	DN 80 - 150lb...1007
				DN 100 - 150lb...1008

7 OUTPUT

4-20mA Two Wire (Std.) + HART.....19 Special.....x

8 HOUSING

Plastic Housing , B20p103 Aluminum Housing , B21x (Std.)702
Special.....x

9 INSULATION MATERIAL

PTFE.....066 Ceramic.....070
PEEK.....068 Special.....x

10 ELECTRODE INSULATION MATERIAL

None (Std.).....0 PTFE.....066
PFA.....087

11 CONNECTION MATERIAL

304 Stainless Steel.....001 Special.....x
316 Stainless Steel.....002

12 ELECTRICAL CONNECTION

Klemensli.....00 Special.....x


13 OPSİYONEL

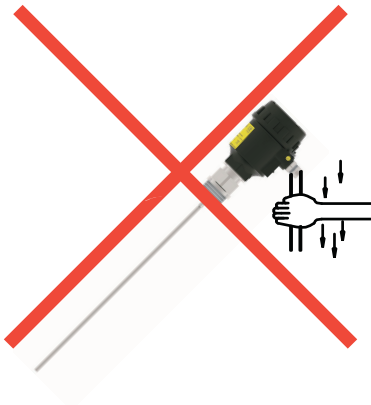
No...../ 0 Cooler Apparatus...../ H
By-Pass Tube...../ T Special...../ x
Protection Cover - 304 Rust For Outside Tank. Steel...../ K6

EXAMPLE

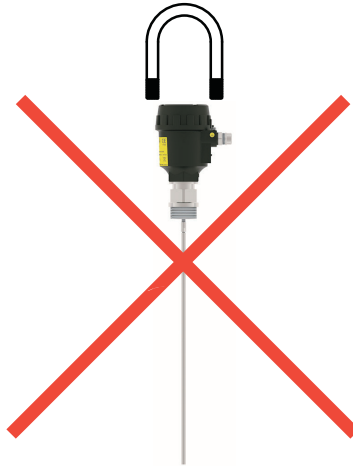
EGW 204 - 500 - 0 - 0010 - 19 - 702 - 066 - 001 - 00/0
Guided Radar , L=500 mm , 1 1/2"BSP , 4-20 mA + HART , PTFE Insulation

WARNING !!!

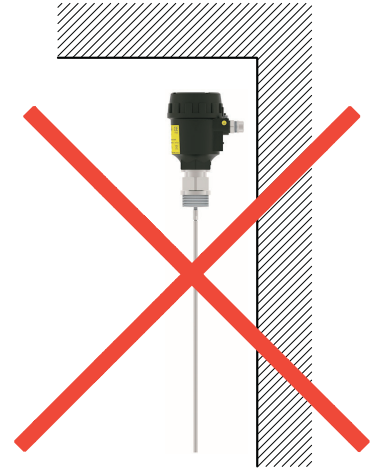
2.15.  In order for the level transmitter to work properly, please pay attention to the following points.



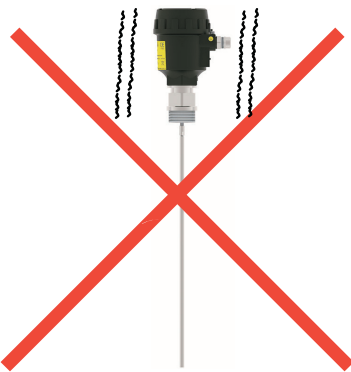
Do not pull by the cable, otherwise its characteristics may be affected.



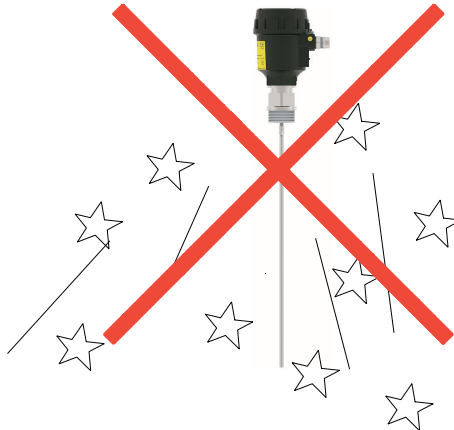
Keep away from magnetic fields. Otherwise, its characteristics may be affected.



Keep away from magnetic materials such as iron plates. Otherwise, its characteristics may be affected.



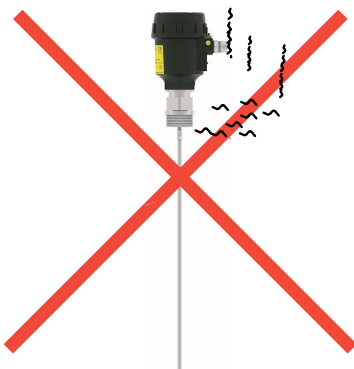
Vibration can cause instability.



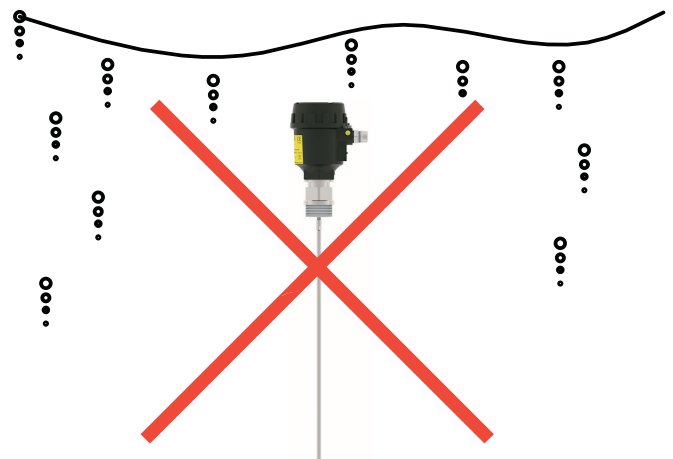
Do not drop the transmitters and do not subject them to impacts. Otherwise, its characteristics may be affected.



Do not remove the cover while energized.



The contact of the cable with steam may cause an insulation problem.



Do not leave the cable connection points below the liquid level, otherwise insulation problems may occur.

3. Error Detection::

Malfunction	Probable cause	Error detection/correction
Normal viewing in the central control room, no value on the device.	1.Display plug is not connected correctly. 2.The screen is defective.	1.Connect the plug correctly. 2.Change the screen.
The central control room shows 0 and there is no value in the device.	1.Supply voltage does not match the value specified on the product label. 2.Cable is not making proper contact with terminal. 3.Pole of supply voltage is wrong.	1.Reconnect the cable to the terminal. 2.Straighten the pole. 3.Connect the plug correctly.
No echo (No signal output)	1.False echo is improperly set and overlaps true echo. 2.Medium level Max. It is below the Dead Zone. 3.Ambient level Min. Dead Zone lower than upper level 4.Empty tank, the tank is cone shaped. 5.The dielectric constant of the medium is too low. 6.When measuring solid media, the antenna is not perpendicular to the media surface. 7.Accumulation occurs on the antenna.	1.Check the actual level of the environment and adjust the false echo accordingly. 2.If there is a clear echo at ambient level Max. You can reduce the dead value accordingly. If the echo of the ambient level is not clearly visible, you can raise the device with the bracket or limit the stream level of the media. You can also set the echo loss setting as forcing output. 3.Min. Increase Dead Zone. 4.Echo loss min. Set it to 0% and the output to 4 mA. 5.Replace the device with a high energy model. 6. Adjust the mounting angle to make the antenna average vertical. 7.Clean the antenna.
There are instantaneous increases and decreases in the output value.	1.There is noise echo not covered by false echo.	1.Set a new false echo and check the antenna for build-up or drop and clean the antenna.
Output value shows low level and comes back automatically in a short time.	1.The second echo is higher than the real ambient echo due to improper mounting position.	1.Adjust the superiority or adjust the mounting position to keep from the center of the circular arch of the tank top.
HART communication does not work.	1.Communication resistor missing or incorrectly installed. 2.Dialog box did not switch to HART mode. 3.The dialog is connected incorrectly.	1.Install the communication resistor correctly. 2.Set the toggle switch of the dialog box to HART. 3.Connect the dialog correctly.
The device is measuring incorrectly.	The parameter is set incorrectly.	Set the parameter correctly.
During filling or emptying, the measured value jumps down.	There are multiple echoes.	Use waveguide tube if possible. Change the mounting position. Do not install in the middle of the tank.

If you find an error, try to eliminate it by using this table or send the instrument to our service address for repair.



The instrument should be repaired only by authorized service! Serial number shall be indicated to the authorized service center.

4. Disassembly of Instrument

Instrument should be disassembled while feeding and pressure is not available!

5. Service

The instrument does not require maintenance. If it is desired, residue accumulated inside should be blown according to kind of fluid and instrument can be cleaned with soft cleaning solutions. Measures should be taken during the disassembly.

6. Re-Calibration

During long period usage of Guided Radar (TRD) Type Level transmitter, there might be deviations on measurements. In those cases, recalibration is recommended. Re-calibration could be made by your technical staff or you could send to manufacturer company. According to IEC 60017, ex proof devices must be go through detailed inspection every 3 year from purchase date. Responsibility of inspections are belong to the user (IEC: International Electrotechnical Commission)

7. Repair – Manufacturer Address

If irreparable breakdowns occur, the instrument should be sent to us for repair purpose. Before this, the instrument should be cleaned carefully and packaged so as not to be broken. Furthermore, you should also add a detailed explanation which describes the breakdown while instrument is sent. If your instrument contacts with harmful substances, decontamination report should be also sent additionally. In the event that instrument does not have any decontamination report or our service department has doubts about instrument, repair process will not start until an acceptable report is sent.

If the instrument contacts with hazardous substances, necessary measures should be taken for decontamination!



Service -Manufacturer Company Name and Address:

LONCA MAK. SAN. TİC. A.Ş. Ferhatpaşa Mah. Gazipaşa Cad. No: 104A Ataşehir - İSTANBUL - TÜRKİYE

Tel: +90 216 50 50 555 Faks: +90 216 515 45 84 E-Mail: lonca@ensim.com.tr Web: www.ensim.com.tr

8. Disposal

The instrument should be disposed according to 2002/96/EC and 2003/108/EC European Directives (waste electrical and electronic instruments). Waste electrical and electronic equipment should not be mixed with domestic wastes!



If the instrument has contacted with harmful substances, special attention should be paid for its disposal!



9. Terms of Warranty

The instrument has warranty legally for 24 months after delivery date. Warranty demands are not accepted in case of inappropriate operation, damage on the instrument or any modification on the instrument.

10. Terms of Return

In the return of materials, user should send an open list related to damage or problem, malfunction of the material to be returned or its operation in the different modification, with the instrument. If it is required to return the material, used in the dangerous, corrosive or toxic fluid, in this case, used part should be cleaned very carefully. Security of personnel should be ensured. All products to be returned should be sent to our company address, which we have stated.